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NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 11th December 1958 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
177	G.S.R. 1157, dated 5th December, 1958.	Ministry of Food and Agriculture.	Further amendment in the Rajasthan Gram (Prohibition of Export) Order, 1958.
178	G.S.R. 1158, dated 5th December, 1958.	Do.	The Rice (Uttar Pradesh) Price Control Order, 1958.
178A	G.S. R. 1158-A, dated 5th December, 1958.	Do.	Direction for controlling the rise in price and preventing the hoarding of wheat in the State of Uttar Pradesh.
179	G.S.R. 1159, dated 3rd December, 1958.	Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply.	The Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Rules, 1958.
180	G.S.R. 1160, dated 8th December, 1958.	Ministry of Food and Agriculture.	Direction for controlling the rise in price and preventing the hoarding of wheat in Rajasthan.
181	G.S.R. 1189, dated 10th December, 1958.	Ministry of Home Affairs.	Extension to the Union Territory of Delhi, the Rajasthan Weights and Measures (Enforcement) Act, 1958, subject to certain modifications specified therein.
182	G.S.R. 1190, dated 11th December, 1958.	Ministry of Food and Agriculture.	Direction for controlling the rise in prices and preventing the hoarding of gram, gram dal and barley in States specified therein.
	G.S.R. 1191, dated 11th December, 1958	Do.	Direction for controlling the rise in price and preventing the hoarding of peas in the State of Uttar Pradesh.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section(1)

General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

MINISTRY OF LAW

(Department of Legal Affairs)

New Delhi, the 10th December 1958

G.S.R. 1193.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Maintenance Orders Enforcement Act, 1921 (18 of 1921) the Central Government hereby declares that the said Act applies in respect of Western Australia.

[No. F.43(3)/56-J.]

K. Y. BHANDARKAR, Secy.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS*New Delhi, the 11th December 1958*

G.S.R. 1194.—In pursuance of clause (1) of article 239 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the Administrators of the Union Territories of Himachal Pradesh, Manipur and Tripura shall, subject to the control of the President, and until further orders, exercise the powers and discharge the functions of the Central Government under the provisions of section 61 of the Territorial Councils Act, 1956 (103 of 1956).

[No. F.2/5/58-J.II.]

HARI SHARMA, Jt. Secy.

New Delhi, the 12th December, 1958

G.S.R. 1195.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating recruitment to the post of Assistant Supervisor, Hindi Teaching Scheme in the Ministry of Home Affairs, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Ministry of Home Affairs (Recruitment to post of Assistant Supervisor, Hindi Teaching Scheme) Rules, 1958.
2. These rules shall apply for recruitment to posts specified in column 1 of the schedule to these rules.
3. The present number of posts, the qualifications thereof and the scale of pay shall be as specified in columns 2 to 4 of the said schedule.
4. The age limit, the educational and other qualifications, the method of recruitment to the said posts and other matters relating thereto shall be as specified in columns 5 to 13 of the aforesaid schedule.

Recruitment Rules for the post of Assistant Supervisor, Hindi Teaching Scheme, Ministry of Home Affairs.

- | | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| 1. Name of post | Assistant Supervisor. |
| 2. No. of posts | 9 |
| 3. Classification | G.C.S. Class II (Non-Ministerial). |
| 4. Scale of pay | Rs. 275-25-500 |
| 5. Whether selection post or non-selection post | N.A. |

6. Age limit for direct recruits Between 25 & 45 years.
7. Educational and other qualifications required
 - Essential :*
 1. 2nd Class Master's or equivalent Hons. degree in Hindi of a recognised Indian University or any other Oriental Diploma in Hindi which is considered of equivalent standard.
 - Or*
 - 2nd class Master's or equivalent Hons. degree in any subject other than Hindi provided that Hindi has been taken by the candidate as one of the elective subjects in the B.A. or B.A. (Hons.) Degree Course.
 2. Degree or Diploma in Education of a recognised University/Institution.
 - Qualifications relaxable at the Commission's discretion in case of candidates otherwise well-qualified.
 - Desirable :*
 1. Experience of organizing Classes or administrative experience in an educational institution.
 2. At least 3 years experience in teaching Hindi through the medium of English.
8. Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees. N.A.
9. Period of probation, if any 6 months.
10. Method of recruitment—whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or transfer and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods. By direct recruitment.
11. In case of recruitment by promotion/transfer, grades from which promotion to be made. N.A.
12. If a DPC exists, what is its composition. N.A.
13. Circumstances in which UPSC is to be consulted in making recruitment. For direct recruitment.

N.B.—Age limits relaxable in case of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes candidates in accordance with the instructions issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs from time to time.

[No. 4/13/57-H.]

G.S.R. 1196.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the method and field of recruitment for the posts of Hindi teacher under the Hindi Teaching Scheme of the Ministry of Home Affairs, will be as in the annexure enclosed.

Statement to be adopted for isolated posts for which detailed recruitment rules are not considered necessary.

1. Name of post Hindi Teacher.
2. Its classification—whether gazetted or non-gazetted & whether Ministerial or Non-Ministerial. G.O.S. Class III (Non-Gazetted) Non-Ministerial (Temporary).
3. Scale of pay Rs. 200-10-250-15-325-EB-15-400.

4. Duties Training of Central Government servants in Hindi under the Scheme for Teaching Hindi to Central Government employees all over India.
5. Number of posts Approximately 160.
- Percentage of posts to be filled by*
6. Direct recruitment Not less than 50 %.
7. By selection (Promotion) Nil.
8. Seniority -cum- fitness (Promotion) Nil.
9. Transfer Upto 50 % by transfer of employees of Education Departments etc. of the Central or State Governments or Local bodies other authorities.
- For Direct Recruitment only*
10. Age limits Minimum 23 years ; Maximum 50 years. The Selection Boards may relax the condition in exceptional cases.
- Essential :*
11. Educational & other qualifications re-(i) A Master's Degree in Hindi, required.. . . . Or
A Master degree in any subject with other qualifications in Hindi equivalent to B.A. (Hon.).
- Desirable :*
- (ii) Degree/Diploma in Teachers Training.
- (iii) Teaching experience for some years at a recognised School or College.
- Qualifications relaxable at the discretion of the appointing authority and in the case of Scheduled Caste and Tribes candidates.
12. Period of probation, if any Nil.
- For promotion/transfer only*
13. Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for direct recruitment will apply in case of appointment by transfer. As far as possible, yes ; but not necessarily in all respects.
- Grades/sources from which transfer are to be made. As specified against item 9 above.
14. Composition of D.P.C. The question does not arise.

[No. 4/14/57-H.]

B. SHUKLA, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 16th December 1958

G.S.R. 1197. In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to clause (3) of article 320 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Union Public Service Commission (Consultation) Regulations, 1958, namely:—

In the said Regulations, for regulation 1 the following regulation shall be substituted, namely:—

1. These regulations may be called the Union Public Service Commission (Exemption from Consultation) Regulations, 1958.

[No. F. 18/4/51-Ests(B).]

P. SITARAMAN, Dy. Secy.

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 13th December 1958

G.S.R. 1198.—Please read '2 years' for '3 years' occurring in line 19 of column 7 of the schedule annexed to this Ministry's notification No. 4/65/57-ANL, dated 25th October, 1958, published in Part II—Section 3, Sub-Section (i) of the Gazette of India dated 1st November, 1958.

[No. 4/65/57-ANL.]

A. D. SAMANT, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 15th December 1958

G.S.R. 1199.—In the Ministry of Home Affairs' Notification No. 4/1/58-F. 1., dated the 6th October, 1958, regarding the Indian Passport Rules, 1950, published at page 850 of sub-section (i) of Section 3 of Part II of the Gazette of India, dated the 11th October, 1958, the following correction shall be made, namely:—

For the words "the recruitment to the Indian Defence Accounts Service" occurring in the third line, read "further amendments in the Indian Passport Rules, 1950".

[No. 4/1/58-F. 1.]

K. D. GUPTA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Economic Affairs)

SAVINGS CERTIFICATES RULES, 1959

New Delhi, the 8th December 1958

G.S.R. 1200.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Post Office National Savings Certificates Ordinance, 1944 (42 of 1944), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

1. Short title and commencement.—(i) These rules may be called the Savings Certificates Rules, 1959.

(ii) They shall come into force on the 1st January, 1959.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

- (i) "banking company" means a banking company as defined in section 5 of the Banking Companies Act, 1949 (10 of 1949), and includes the State Bank of India and any other banking institution notified under section 51 of the said Act;
- (ii) "certificate" means a 12-Year National Plan Savings Certificate and includes a National Savings Certificate and a 10-Year National Plan Certificate;
- (iii) "company" means a company as defined in the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) and includes a foreign company as defined in section 591 of the said Act;
- (iv) "Government company" has the same meaning as in the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956);
- (v) "co-operative society" means a society registered or deemed to have been registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912 (2 of 1912) or under any other law for the time being in force;
- (vi) "corporation" means a corporation established by or under any law for the time being in force, but does not include a company;
- (vii) "gift coupon" means a gift coupon issued under rule 11;

- (viii) "identity slip" means an identity slip issued to a holder of a certificate under rule 14;
- (ix) "local authority" means a municipal corporation, municipal committee, district board, body of port commissioners or other authority legally entitled to, or entrusted by the Government with, the control or management of a municipal or local fund;
- (x) "Ordinance" means the Post Office National Savings Certificate Ordinance, 1944 (42 of 1944);
- (xi) "old rules" means the Post Office National Savings Certificates Rules, 1944;
- (xii) "post office" means any post office in India doing savings bank work;
- (xiii) "prescribed form" means a form prescribed from time to time by the Director General, Posts and Telegraphs;
- (xiv) "provident fund" means a provident fund to which the provisions of the Provident Fund Act, 1925 (19 of 1925) apply and includes a provident fund which has been and continues to be recognised by the Commissioner of Income-tax in accordance with the provisions of Chapter IXA of the Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922) and a provident fund established by or under any law for the time being in force;
- (xv) "registered association" means an association registered under any law for the time being in force;
- (xvi) "scheduled bank" means a bank for the time being included in the Second Schedule to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934), and includes an executor and a trustee company which is a subsidiary of a scheduled bank.

3. Denominations in which Certificates shall be issued.—12-Year National Plan Savings Certificates shall be issued in denominations of Rs. 5, Rs. 10, Rs. 50, Rs. 100, Rs. 500, Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 5,000.

4. Type of certificates and issue thereof.—(1) The Certificates shall be of the following types, namely:—

- (a) Single Holder Type Certificates;
- (b) Joint 'A' Type Certificates; and
- (c) Joint 'B' Type Certificates.

(2) (a) Single Holder Type Certificates may be issued to—

- (i) an individual person;
- (ii) a banking company and a co-operative land mortgage bank;
- (iii) a company;
- (iv) a corporation;
- (v) a co-operative society including a co-operative bank;
- (vi) a registered association or an institution or body the donations to which are exempt from the payment of income-tax under the Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922);
- (vii) a firm registered under the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 (9 of 1932);
- (viii) a local authority; and
- (ix) a provident fund.

(b) Joint 'A' Type Certificates may be issued jointly to two adults payable to both holders jointly or to the survivor.

(c) Joint 'B' Type Certificates may be issued jointly to two adults payable to either of the holders or the survivor.

5. The limits upto which certificates may be purchased.—The maximum permissible holding of a certificate or certificates shall be as shown below for each class of investor, namely:—

- (i) an adult, a banking company, a co-operative bank not being a co-operative land mortgage bank, a company, a corporation, a firm registered under the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 (9 of 1932) and a registered association other than an association referred to in clause (iv)—Rs. 25,000;
- (ii) two adults jointly—Rs. 50,000;
- (iii) a minor—Rs. 25,000;
- (iv) a co-operative society excluding a co-operative bank but including co-operative land mortgage bank, a local authority, a registered association or an institution donations to which association or institution are exempt from the payment of income-tax—Rs. 1,00,000;
- (v) a provident fund—without limit.

6. Purchase of certificates on behalf of others.—A person or body specified in column I of the table below may purchase certificates on behalf of persons or bodies specified against his or its name in the corresponding entry in column II of the said table:

Provided that the persons or bodies specified in the said column II are eligible under these rules to purchase certificates and the limit prescribed for them under rule 5 is not exceeded.

Person or body who can purchase	On behalf of
(i) an adult;	a minor;
(ii) a co-operative society, a co-operative bank, or a scheduled bank;	Its members or its clients, as the case may be;
(iii) a gazetted Government officer an officer of a Government company or of a corporation in his official capacity or the Reserve Bank of India;	Persons or bodies whose monies are held as deposit or otherwise with such officer or the Reserve Bank;
(iv) an authority controlling the provident	individual members.

7. Calculation of limits.—For the purpose of calculating the limit under these rules—

- (i) the holdings of a person in respect of all his certificates including Post Office Cash Certificates but excluding 10-Year National Plan Certificates shall be taken into account;
- (ii) a certificate purchased by a person on behalf of any other person shall not be counted as his holding but that of the person on whose behalf it is purchased;
- (iii) a certificate transferred as a pledge shall not count as the holding of the pledgor, so long the pledge subsists;
- (iv) one-half of the joint holding shall be taken to belong to each holder;
- (v) a certificate purchased by a provident fund on its own account shall not count as the holding of persons who are members of that fund.

8. Procedure for purchase of certificates.—Any person desiring to purchase a certificate shall present an application in the prescribed form (obtainable free at all post offices) either in person or through his messenger or an authorised agent of the Small Savings Scheme.

9. Legal tender.—Payment for the purchase of a certificate may be made to a post office in any of the following modes, namely:—

- (i) cash;
- (ii) surrender of Savings Stamps;
- (iii) a cheque, pay order or demand draft;

- (iv) presentation of duly signed withdrawal form together with the pass book for withdrawal from the post office savings bank account; and
- (v) surrender of a gift coupon or coupons of the requisite value.

10. Issue of certificate.—(1) On payment being made under rule 9, a certificate shall normally be issued immediately and except as otherwise provided in these rules, the date of such certificate shall be the date of its issue.

(2) If, for any reason a certificate cannot be issued immediately, a provisional receipt shall be given to the purchaser which may later be exchanged for a certificate and in such a case the date of certificate shall be the date of the provisional receipt.

11. Gift Coupons.—(1) Any adult desiring to purchase a gift coupon in denominations of Rs. 5, Rs. 10, Rs. 50, Rs. 100. or Rs. 1,000 for the purpose of presentation as a gift to any other adult or a minor shall make an application in the prescribed form along with the purchase price to any post office and that office shall issue a gift coupon accordingly.

(2) Where the gift fails to materialise for any reason whatsoever and the gift coupon has not been surrendered by the donee for exchange of a certificate or certificates, the purchaser of the gift coupon shall be entitled—

(a) to exchange the gift coupon for a certificate or certificates of the corresponding face value in his favour provided that the maximum limit prescribed for him under these rules is not exceeded by such exchange; or

(b) to get the refund of the face value of the gift coupon any time after the expiry of three months from the date of the issue of the gift coupon.

(3) The post office shall on surrender of any gift coupon by a donee, other than a donee who already holds a certificate or certificates upto the maximum limit prescribed in these rules, issue in his favour a certificate or certificates of the corresponding face value.

(4) A certificate issued under sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (3) shall bear—

(i) in the case of a gift coupon surrendered within three months of its issue, the same date as the gift coupon;

(ii) in any other case, the date on which the gift coupon is surrendered.

(5) Where a donee of a gift coupon is unable to purchase a certificate for the reason that he already holds a certificate or certificates upto the maximum limit prescribed in these rules, he shall be entitled on surrender of the gift coupon to the refund of the face value thereof;

Provided that not less than three months have intervened between the date of the issue of the gift coupon and the date of such surrender.

12. Fresh Certificate in lieu of proceeds of old certificate.—Subject to the maximum limit prescribed for him under these rules, if a holder of a certificate who is entitled to encash the certificate (hereinafter referred to as the old certificate) makes application in the prescribed form on or before the date of its maturity for the grant of a fresh certificate in lieu of any proceeds of the old certificate, a fresh certificate shall be issued to him and such certificate shall bear the same date as the date of maturity of the old certificate.

13. Excess or irregular holdings.—(1) Any certificate purchased or acquired in excess of the limit prescribed in these rules or in the old rules or in contravention of these rules shall be discharged by the holder as soon as the fact of the holding being in excess of the limit or in contravention of these rules is discovered and no interest shall be paid on either the excess holding or any holding in contravention of these rules:

Provided that a holding shall not be considered in excess of the limit prescribed in these rules or in the old rules, if it is due to any of the following reasons, namely:—

- (a) inheritance;
- (b) award by the Government for meritorious services;
- (c) survivorship in the case of joint holdings; and
- (d) statutory devolution:

Provided that any person exceeding the limit on account of any such reason shall not, however, further increase the holding by purchase or by receipt or by transfer.

(2) If any interest has been paid on any excess holding or any holding which is in contravention of these rules, it shall be forthwith refunded to the Government, failing which, the Government shall be entitled to recover the amount involved from any money payable by the Government to the investor or as an arrear of land revenue.

14. Identity Slip.—(1) If a request to this effect is made at any time by an individual adult holder of a certificate including a holder on behalf of a minor or by joint holders to the Postmaster of the post office where that certificate stands registered, an identity slip shall be issued to such holder or holders on his or their signing the identity slip.

(2) The identity slip shall be surrendered at the time of the final discharge of the certificate or in case of its loss, a declaration of such loss shall be furnished to the post office in the prescribed form.

15. Transfer from one post office to another.—(1) A certificate may be transferred from a post office at which it stands registered to any other post office on the holder or holders making an application in the prescribed form at either of the two post offices.

(2) Every such application shall be signed by the holder or holders thereof:

Provided that in the case of Joint 'B' type certificate, the application may be signed by either of the joint holders.

16. Transfer of certificate from one person to another.—(1) A certificate may be transferred with the previous consent in writing of an officer of the post office authorised in this behalf under section 3 of the Ordinance (hereinafter in these rules referred to as authorised post master).

(2) No authorised post master shall give his consent to the transfer of a certificate unless the following conditions are satisfied, namely:—

(a) the transfer of the certificate is effected after the expiry of the period of non-encashability laid down in rule 21 or where the transfer is effected before that period, the transfer falls under any of the following categories, namely:—

(i) transfer to a near relative for natural love and affection;

Explanation.—'near relative' means a husband, wife, ancestor, lineal descendant, brother or sister.

(ii) transfer in the name of the heir of the deceased holder;

(iii) transfer from a holder to a court of law or to any other person under the orders of a court of law; and

(iv) transfer in accordance with rule 19.

(b) an application for the transfer is made in the prescribed form.

17. Transfer from single holding to joint holding and vice versa.—Subject to the provisions contained in sub-rule (1) of rule 16, on an application to this effect being made—

(a) a certificate in the name of a single holder may be transferred to the joint names of the holder and any other person;

(b) a certificate in the names of joint holders may be transferred to the name of one of the joint holders.

18. Conversion from 'A' Type Certificate to 'B' Type Certificate and vice versa.—(i) A Joint 'A' Type Certificate may be converted into a Joint 'B' Type Certificate in the names of the same holders;

(ii) a Joint 'B' Type Certificate may be converted into a Joint 'A' Type Certificate in the names of the same holders.

19. Pledging of certificate.—(1) On an application being made in the prescribed form by the transferer and the transferee, an authorised postmaster may, at any time, before or after the period of its non-encashability permit the transfer of any certificate as security to—

- (a) a Gazetted officer of the Government in his official capacity;
- (b) the Reserve Bank of India or a scheduled bank, or a co-operative society including a co-operative bank;
- (c) a corporation or a Government company; and
- (d) a local authority.

(2) When any certificate is transferred as security under sub-rule (1), the authorised postmaster shall make the following endorsement on the certificate, namely:—

“Transferred as security to (official designation).”

(3) Except as otherwise provided in these rules, the transferee of a certificate under this rule shall, until it is retransferred under sub-rule (4), be deemed to be the holder of the certificate.

(4) A certificate transferred under sub-rule (2) may, on the written authority of the pledgee be retransferred with the previous sanction in writing of the authorised postmaster and when any such retransfer is made, the authorised postmaster shall make the following endorsement on the certificate, namely:—

“Retransferred to.....”

20. Replacement of lost or destroyed certificates.—(1) If a certificate is lost, stolen, destroyed, mutilated or defaced, the person or persons entitled thereto may apply for the issue of a ‘declaration in lieu’ to the post office where the certificate is registered or at any other post office.

(2) Every such application shall be accompanied by—

- (a) a statement showing particulars, such as, number, amount and date of the certificate and the circumstances attending such loss, theft, destruction, mutilation or defacement;
- (b) an identity slip, if any.

(3) If the officer incharge of the post office to which application under sub-rule (1) has been made, is satisfied after due reference to post office of issue, of the loss, theft, destruction, mutilation or defacement of the certificate, he shall make report to the Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs concerned and the Deputy Accountant General shall issue a ‘declaration in lieu’ in the prescribed form on the applicant’s furnishing an indemnity bond in the prescribed form with one approved surety or with a bank’s guarantee.

(4) A ‘declaration-in-lieu’ issued under sub-rule (3) shall be treated as equivalent to the original certificate for all the purposes of these rules except that it shall not be encashable at a post office other than the post office at which such certificate is registered without previous verification.

21. When encashable.—(1) Except as provided in sub-rule (2), a certificate specified in column I of the table below may be encashed at any time after the expiry of the period of non-encashability specified against it in column 3 of the said table.

Category of certificates	Denomination	Period of non-encashability.
12-Year National Savings Certificate issued on or after the 16th June, 1947	Rs. 5 Rs. 10, Rs. 50, Rs. 100, Rs. 500, Rs. 1000 and Rs. 5000	1 year from the date of issue. 18 months from the date of issue.
10-Year National Plan Certificate	All denominations	1 year from the date of issue
12-Year National Plan Savings Certificate.	All denominations	1 year from the date of issue.

(2) A certificate may be encashed before its period of non-encashability under any of the following circumstances, namely:—

- (a) on the death of the holder or both the holders in the case of a joint holding;
- (b) on forfeiture by a pledgee being a Gazetted Government officer, where the pledge is in conformity with the provisions of these rules;
- (c) when the holding is in excess of the limits prescribed under these rules or the old rules;
- (d) when the certificate has been issued in contravention of these rules; and
- (e) when ordered by a court of law

22. Place of encashment.—A certificate shall be encashable at the post office at which it stands registered:

Provided that a certificate may be encashed at any other post office if the officer in charge of that post office is satisfied on production of identity slip or on verification from the office of its registration that the person presenting the certificate for encashment is entitled thereto.

23. Discharge of certificate.—(1) A holder of a certificate encashing the certificate shall sign on the back thereof in token of having received the payment.

(2) In the case of a certificate purchased on behalf of a minor who has since attained majority, the certificate shall be signed by that person himself, but his signature shall be attested either by the person who purchased it on his behalf or by any other person who is known to the postmaster.

(3) A certificate of discharge may be issued by the post office to any person encashing a certificate.

24. Encashment of minor's certificate.—A person encashing a certificate on behalf of a minor shall furnish a certificate that the minor is alive and that the money is required on behalf of the minor.

25. Encashment of certificate held by Army and Air Force personnel.—Where on the death or desertion of any person holding a certificate and subject to the Army Act, 1950 (46 of 1950), or the Air Force Act, 1950 (45 of 1950), the Commanding Officer of the Corps, department, detachment or unit to which the deceased or deserter belonged, or the Committee of Adjustment as the case may be, sends under section 3 read with section 4 of the Army and Air Force (Disposal of Private Property) Act, 1950 (40 of 1950), a requisition to the officer in charge of the post office where the certificate stands registered, to pay to him or it, the amount due under the certificate, the officer of the post office shall be bound to comply with such requisition.

26. Partial discharge.—(1) At any time after the period of its non-encashability, a certificate of higher denomination than Rs. 10 may be discharged in part, such part being Rs. 10 or a multiple thereof.

(2) The date of issue of certificate(s) for the balance due will be that of the original certificate partly discharged.

27. Conversion from one denomination to another.—(1) Certificates of lower denomination may be exchanged for a certificate or certificates of higher denomination of the same face value and bearing the same date or a certificate of higher denomination may be exchanged for certificates of lower denomination of the same face value.

(2) The date of issue of the exchanged certificate shall be the same as that of the original certificate surrendered and not the date on which it is exchanged.

28. Amount payable on discharge of certificates.—The amount (including interest) payable on certificates of different types after each complete year of retention shall be as in the following tables, namely:—

(a) Surrender values of 12-Year National Plan Savings Certificates.

Face value		Amount (including interest) payable after complete years.					
Years		1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. nP	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs.	5	5.00	5.20	5.35	5.55	5.80	6.08
Rs.	10	10.00	10.40	10.70	11.10	11.60	12.15
Rs.	50	50.00	52.00	53.50	55.50	58.00	60.75

Years	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs. 100	100.00	104.00	107.00	111.00	116.00	121.50
Rs. 500	500.00	520.00	535.00	555.00	580.00	607.50
Rs. 1,000	1000.00	1040.00	1070.00	1110.00	1160.00	1215.00
Rs. 5,000	5000.00	5200.00	5350.00	5550.00	5800.00	6075.00

Face value	Amount (including interest) payable after complete years					
Years	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs. 5	6.35	6.65	7.00	7.40	7.80	8.25
Rs. 10	12.70	13.30	14.00	14.80	15.60	16.50
Rs. 50	63.50	66.50	70.00	74.00	78.00	82.50
Rs. 100	127.00	133.00	140.00	148.00	156.00	165.00
Rs. 500	635.00	665.00	700.00	740.00	780.00	825.00
Rs. 1000	1270.00	1330.00	1400.00	1480.00	1560.00	1650.00
Rs. 5000	6350.00	6650.00	7000.00	7400.00	7800.00	8250.00

(b) Surrender values of 12-Year National Savings Certificates.

Face value	Amount (including interest) payable after complete years.						
Years	1	1½	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs. 5	5.06	5.12	5.12	5.25	5.50	5.75	6.00
Rs. 10		10.12	10.25	10.50	11.00	11.50	12.00
Rs. 50		50.62	51.25	52.50	55.00	57.50	60.00
Rs. 100		101.25	102.50	105.00	110.00	115.00	120.00
Rs. 500		506.25	512.50	525.00	550.00	575.00	600.00
Rs. 1000		1012.50	1025.00	1050.00	1100.00	1150.00	1200.00
Rs. 5000		5062.50	5125.00	5250.00	5500.00	5750.00	6000.00

Face value	Amount (including interest) payable after complete years.					
Years	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs. 5	6.25	6.50	6.75	7.00	7.25	7.50
Rs. 10	12.50	13.00	13.50	14.00	14.50	15.00
Rs. 50	62.50	65.00	67.50	70.00	72.50	75.00
Rs. 100	125.00	130.00	135.00	140.00	145.00	150.00
Rs. 500	625.00	650.00	675.00	700.00	725.00	750.00
Rs. 1000	1250.00	1300.00	1350.00	1400.00	1450.00	1500.00
Rs. 5000	6250.00	6500.00	6750.00	7000.00	7250.00	7500.00

(c) Surrender values of 7-Year National Savings Certificates.

Face value		Amount (including interest) payable after complete years.						
Years		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs.	5	5.00	5.09	5.22	5.44	5.69	6.00	6.25
Rs.	10	10.00	10.19	10.44	10.87	11.37	12.00	12.50
Rs.	50	50.00	50.94	52.19	54.37	56.87	60.00	62.50
Rs.	100	100.00	101.87	104.37	108.75	113.75	120.00	125.00
Rs.	1000	1000.00	1018.75	1043.75	1087.50	1137.50	1200.00	1250.00
Rs.	5000	5000.00	5093.75	5218.75	5437.50	5687.50	6000.00	6250.00

(d) Surrender values of 5-Years National Savings Certificates.

Face value		Amount (including interest) payable after complete years.				
Years		1	2	3	4	5
		Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs.	5	5.00	5.12	5.25	5.50	5.75
Rs.	10	10.00	10.25	10.50	11.00	11.50
Rs.	50	50.00	51.25	52.50	55.00	57.50
Rs.	100	100.00	102.50	105.00	110.00	115.00
Rs.	1000	1000.00	1025.00	1050.00	1100.00	1150.00
Rs.	5000	5000.00	5125.00	5250.00	5500.00	5750.00

The holders of the 5-Year Post Office National Savings Certificates shall, until further orders, be allowed, at their option, to hold these certificates after maturity for a further period of 7 years. The amount payable from time to time during this further period of 7 years on these certificates (which include the interest allowed upto the date of maturity) will be as follows:—

Face value		Amount (including interest) payable after complete years.						
Year from date of maturity		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs.	5	6.00	6.25	6.50	6.75	7.00	7.25	7.50
Rs.	10	12.00	12.50	13.00	13.50	14.00	14.50	15.00
Rs.	50	60.00	62.50	65.00	67.50	70.00	72.50	75.00
Rs.	100	120.00	125.00	130.00	135.00	140.00	145.00	150.00
Rs.	1000	1200.00	1250.00	1300.00	1350.00	1400.00	1450.00	1500.00
Rs.	5000	6000.00	6250.00	6500.00	6750.00	7000.00	7250.00	7500.00

(e) Surrender values of 10-Year National Plan Certificates.

Face value		Amount (including interest) payable after complete years.				
Years		1	2	3	4	5
		Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs.	5	5.06	5.12	5.25	5.44	5.69
Rs.	10	10.12	10.25	10.50	10.67	11.37
Rs.	25	25.25	25.75	26.25	27.25	28.50
Rs.	50	50.50	51.50	52.50	54.50	57.00
Rs.	100	101.00	103.00	105.00	109.00	114.00
Rs.	500	505.00	515.00	525.00	545.00	570.00

Face value		Amount (including interest) payable after complete years.				
Years		6	7	8	9	10
		Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
Rs.	5	6.00	6.31	6.62	6.87	7.25
Rs.	10	12.00	12.62	13.25	13.75	14.50
Rs.	25	30.00	31.50	33.00	34.50	36.25
Rs.	50	60.00	63.00	66.00	69.00	72.50
Rs.	100	120.00	126.00	132.00	138.00	145.00
Rs.	500	600.00	630.00	660.00	690.00	725.00

29. Fees.—A fee of twenty-five naye paise in the case of a certificate of denomination of rupees one hundred or lower and rupee one in any other case, shall be chargeable in respect of the following transactions, namely:—

- (i) transfer of a certificate from one person to another including the transfer under rule 17 except the transfer from the name of a deceased holder to his heir or from a holder to a court of law or any other person under the order of a court of law;
- (ii) issue of a 'declaration-in-lieu' under rule 20;
- (iii) issue of a certificate of discharge under rule 23;
- (iv) partial discharge of a certificate under rule 26;
- (v) conversion from one denomination to another under rule 27.

30. Responsibility of the post office.—The post office shall not be responsible for any loss caused to a holder by any person obtaining possession of a certificate and fraudulently encashing it.

31. Repeal and savings.—The Post Office National Savings Certificates Rules, 1944, are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

[No. F.7(4)-NS/58.]

SHIV NAUBH SINGH,
Addl. Budget Officer.

(Department of Revenue)

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 20th December 1958

G.S.R. 1201.—The following draft of an amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by sub-section (3) of the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 23rd January, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

After the existing entries, in the First Schedule to the said Rules, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"12. Multiwall sacks of paper."

[No. 301/F.No.34/276/58-Cus-IV.]

M. A. RANGASWAMY, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATION

New Delhi, the 20th December 1958

G.S.R. 1202.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Rules, 1956, namely:—

In rule 28 of the said Rules—

(i) the existing rule shall be numbered as sub-rule (1), and

(ii) after sub-rule (1) so renumbered, the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"(2) If, in any particular case, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner that the loss is *bona fide* and not due to negligence or connivance on the part of the manufacturer, the duty payable in respect of such loss may be waived in full or in part according to the merits of the case".

[No. 24.]

M. C. DAS, Dy. Secy.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

(Exchange Control Department)

(Central Office, Bombay)

Bombay, the 4th December 1958

G.S.R. 1203.—In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance No. F.I(67)-EC/57 dated the 25th September, 1958, (hereinafter referred to as the "said notification") and in supersession of the notification of the Reserve Bank of India No. F.E.R.A.10/47-RB, dated the 25th March,

1947, the Reserve Bank hereby authorises for the purposes of the said notification the authorised dealers specified in the schedule hereto annexed.

SCHEDULE

Allahabad Bank Ltd.
 American Express Co. Inc.
 *Andhra Bank Ltd.
 Bank of Baroda Ltd.
 Bank of China.
 Bank of Cochin Ltd.
 Bank of India Ltd.
 *Bank of Jaipur Ltd.
 Bank of Mysore Ltd.
 Bank Tokyo Ltd.
 British Bank of the Middle East.
 Canara Bank Ltd.
 Central Bank of India Ltd.
 Chartered Bank.
 Comptoir National D'Escompte de Paris.
 Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co. Ltd.
 Eastern Bank Ltd.
 First National City Bank of New York.
 Habib Bank Ltd.
 *Hindusthan Commerical Bank Ltd.
 Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
 Indian Bank Ltd.
 Indian Overseas Bank Ltd.
 Lloyds Bank Ltd.
 Mercantile Bank Ltd.
 Mitsui Bank Ltd.
 National Bank of Pakistan.
 National Overseas and Grindlays Bank Ltd.
 Netherlands Trading Society.
 Punjab National Bank Ltd.
 State Bank of Hyderabad.
 State Bank of India.
 Thomas Cook & Son (Continental and Overseas) Ltd.
 Travancore Bank Ltd.
 Union Bank of India Ltd.
 United Bank of India Ltd.
 United Commercial Bank Ltd.

*Authorised to deal in sterling and sterling area currencies only.

[No. F.G.R.A.168/58-R.B.]

H. V. R. IENGAR, Governor.

(Department of Transport)

(Transport Wing)

PORTS

New Delhi, the 8th December 1958

G.S.R. 1204.—The following draft of an amendment to the Kandla Harbour Craft Rules, 1955, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1), section 6 of the Indian Ports Act,

1908 (15 of 1908) is published, as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after 15th January, 1959.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In rule 19 of the said Rules, the following shall be added as sub-rule (5)—

- “(5) Harbour Craft licensed for the carriage of passengers should be so fitted that sufficient seating space is available for each passenger; awning and weather cloths should also be provided where necessary, to give protection to passengers from sun and weather, respectively.”

[No. F.2B-PG(74)/58.]

New Delhi, the 10th December 1958

G.S.R. 1205.—The following draft of certain amendments to the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Transport No. 3-PII(137)/54-VII dated the 1st October 1955, which the Central Government propose to make in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (j) of sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908), is pre-published, as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th January, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In the Schedule annexed to the said rules, under head “IV-Charges for the hire of Port's Floating Craft”,—

- (1) In column 2 of serial No. 1, after the words “other than for”, the words “landing or” shall be inserted.
- (2) In column 2 of serial No. 2 after the words “barges and lighters hired for”, the words “landing or” shall be inserted.
- (3) After the existing note (2) the following shall be added as note (3), namely:—

“(3) Barges requisitioned and supplied as per serial No. 2, but not used by the parties, will be charged hire charges at the rate prescribed in serial No. 1 above.”

[No. F.2B-PG(75)/58].

New Delhi, the 11th December 1958

G.S.R. 1206.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 read with section 5 of the Madras Outports Landing and Shipping Fees Act, 1885 (Madras Act 111 of 1885) the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments with effect from the 20th January, 1959 in the notification of the Government of India Ministry of Transport and Communications No. 17-PIII(43)/57-II, dated the 26th September 1957, namely:—

In the said notification, in the Schedule of Landing and Shipping Fees, under the heading “50 metals, minerals and articles of metals not otherwise classified under hardware and machinery” for the item “P-Manganese and Iron Ore” in column 2, the item “P-Manganese, Barytes, Chrome and Iron Ore” shall be substituted.

[No. 17B-PG(77)/58.]

New Delhi, the 20th December, 1958

G.S.R. 1207.—The following draft of an amendment to the Port Rules for the Port of Vizagapatam which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908), is published, as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th January, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said Rules—

1. The existing note below rule 2 shall be omitted.
2. After rule 2, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"2A (1) Subject to the provisions of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 and the instructions below pilotage is compulsory except for those vessels specifically exempted by the Port authority.

(2) The Pilot shall board incoming ships and disembark from out-going ships about 4 cables length East of the Outer Channel Light Buoys in a position 17°—41'—17" N, 83°—18'—30" E and assist in piloting a vessel to and from her assigned berth and also in berthing and unberthing the vessels.

(3) The Master shall supply to the Pilot all information with regard to quarantine, dangerous goods on board, ship's draft and matters relating to the ships behaviour, etc., and shall, on completion of pilotage and berthing/unberthing, complete and sign the certificates on specified forms presented by the Pilot.

(4) In the event of an outward bound vessel over-carrying a Pilot outside the limits of the Port, the master shall be bound to land the Pilot at the nearest possible port and shall be liable to pay all expenses incurred on this account.

(5) Pilots shall be supplied with breakfast between 7 and 9 A.M. with lunch between Noon and 2 P.M. and dinner between 6 and 8 P.M. Indian Standard Time, failing which the master shall pay compensation for food viz. Rs. 3 for any of the meals missed by a Pilot.

(6) The master of a vessel shall display such signal or signals as may be required by the Pilot to be used or as may be directed by the Pilot.

(7) The master of the vessel shall be responsible to take on board such equipment as the Pilot may carry with him in the interest of Pilotage of ships viz. R/T equipment, Binoculars, Pilot's Kit, etc.

(8) Every ship entering or leaving the harbour shall be provided with the following:—

 - (a) An efficient Pilot ladder to enable the Pilot to embark and disembark with safety, and shall be of sufficient length to reach the water, when the ship is in an unloaded condition and has no list, from the Deck on which it is intended that the Pilot shall embark and disembark.
 - (b) A man-rope of not less than 2½ inches circumference shall be provided on each side of the ladder and the inboard end of the man-rope shall be firmly secured to the ship.
 - (c) Means shall be provided to enable the ladder to be used on each side of the ship and to enable the Pilot to pass safely from the head of the ladder to the deck of the ship.

(9) Vessels are not to anchor within the Outer Channel Fair way Buoys or within 4 Cables length across the Entrance marked by the Outer Channel Fairway Buoys, or in any other prohibited Anchorage as

marked on Admiralty Chart 239 Approaches to Vizagapatam Port, nor should a master attempt to enter the channel to pick up a Pilot.

- (10) It will be incumbent upon the master of a vessel to avail of the service of the Port Tugs, while navigating within the Port limits.
- (11) In the event of a vessel parting her moorings, whether secured to a Jetty, Quay or Buoys it will be necessary to have an anchor ready for letting go, without delay, and to be prepared to meet such an emergency with readiness and despatch as the result of the parting of her moorings which may be serious."

[No. F.17A-PG(36)/57.]

Miss I. INDIRA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 28th November 1958

G.S.R. 1208.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 300 of the Constitution, the President directs that the following addition be made in the Schedule to the Ministry of Food & Agriculture (Department of Agriculture) Notification No. 1-19(5)/57-Estt.I, dated the 11th September, 1958, namely:—

In the said Schedule, after item (2) and the entries relating thereto, the following item and entries shall be inserted, namely:—

SCHEDULE

Recruitment Rules for the Post of Assistant Director (Fishing Harbour) in the Fisheries Division, Ministry of Food & Agriculture
(Department of Agriculture)

Name of post	No. of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits	Vocational and other qualification required	Whether age & educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees	Period of probation if any	Method of rectt. whether by direct rectt. or transfer & percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of rectt. by promotion transfer, grades from which promotion to be made	If a DPC exists what is its composition	Circumstances in which UPSC is to be consulted in making rectt.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Rs.									
(3) Assistant Director (Fishing Harbour).	One	G. C. S. Class I Gazetted.	350—350— 380—380— 30—590— EB—30—770 —40—850.	N.A.	Between 25—35 years.	Essential (i) Degree in Civil Engineering of a recognised University or equivalent qualifications. (ii) About 3 years' experience as Civil Engineer, OR Knowledge of Harbour Engineering, particularly of Surveys and Installations.	N.A.	One year.	Direct recruitment.	N.A.	N.A.	For direct recruitment.

Qualifications relaxable [at] Commission's discretion in case of candidates otherwise well qualified.

Desirable

Experience in work connected with construction of Harbours.

[No. 11-4/58-Estt.I.]

M. K. KIDWAI, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Food)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 11th December 1958

G.S.R. 1209.—In pursuance of sub-clause (b) of clause 2 of the Wheat Roller Flour Mills (Licensing and Control) Order, 1957, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri S. S. Bhatia, Assistant Director, Northern Region, Rampur to exercise the powers and perform the duties of an Inspector under the said Order, and makes the following further amendment in the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food) notification No. S.R.O. 3082, dated the 25th September, 1957, namely:—

Amendment

In the schedule to the said notification, for item 32, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

"32. Shri S. S. Bhatia, Assistant Director, Northern Region, Rampur."

[No. 204(ii)/57/Py-II/FM.]

S. N. BHALLA, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi, the 9th December 1958

G.S.R. 1210.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955, which the Central Government after consultation with the Central Committee for Food Standards proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 23 of the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954 (37 of 1954), is hereby published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th January, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified shall be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In the said rules—

1. After rule 44, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"44-A. *Restriction on sale of ghee produced in an area having less Reichert value than that specified for the area where such ghee is sold.*—(1) The ghee produced in an area having less Reichert value and a different standard for Butyro-refractometer reading at 40°C than that specified for the area in which it is imported for sale or storage shall not be sold or stored in that area except under the 'AGMARK' seal.

Provided that such ghee may be (i) sold loose, after opening the 'AGMARK' sealed container, in quantities not exceeding 5 lbs. at a time and (ii) used in the preparation of confectionery (including sweetmeats).

(2) A person selling—

(i) such ghee in the manner specified in sub-rule (1) and

(ii) confectionery (including sweetmeats) in the preparation of which such ghee is used, shall give a declaration in Form VI-B to the Food Inspector when a sample thereof is taken by him for analysis under section 10 of the Act and also to a purchaser desiring to have the sample analysed under section 12 of the Act.

(3) If on analysis such sample is found to contain ghee conforming to the standards of quality prescribed for the area where it is alleged to have been produced, the ghee shall not be deemed to be adulterated by reason only that it does not conform to the standard of the quality prescribed for the area where it is sold."

2. In Appendix B, for item A.11.14, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"A.11.14. Ghee means the pure clarified fat derived solely from milk or from curd or from cream to which no colouring matter or preservative has been added. The Standard of quality of ghee produced in a State or Union territory specified in column 2 of the table below shall be as specified against the said State in the corresponding columns 3, 4, 5 and 6 of the said table.

THE TABLE

Sl. No.	Name of State/Union Territory	Butyro refractometer reading at 40°C	Minimum Reichert Value	Percentage of Free fatty acid as oleic acid maximum limit	Moisture-maximum limit
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	40.0—43.0	24	3.0	0.3
2.	Assam	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
3.	Bihar	40.0—43.0	28	3.0	0.3
4.	Bombay				
	(a) the whole of Bombay State except areas of erstwhile States of Saurashtra and Kutch and cotton tract areas	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
	(b) Cotton tract areas and territories of erstwhile States of Saurashtra and Kutch	41.5—45.0	21	3.0	0.3
5.	Delhi	40.0—43.0	28	3.0	0.3
6.	Himachal Pradesh	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
7.	Kerala	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
8.	Madhya Pradesh —				
	(a) areas other than the erstwhile States of Bhopal, Vindhya Pradesh and cotton tract areas	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
	(b) territories of the erstwhile States of Bhopal and Vindhya Pradesh	40.0—43.0	28	3.0	0.3
	(c) Cotton tract areas	41.5—45.0	21	3.0	0.3
9.	Madras	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
10.	Manipur	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
11.	Mysore	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
12.	Orissa	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
13.	Punjab —				
	(a) areas other than Mahendragarh	40.0—43.0	28	3.0	0.3
	(b) Mahendragarh	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
14.	Rajasthan —				
	(a) areas other than Jodhpur Division	40.0—43.0	26	3.0	0.3
	(b) Jodhpur Division	41.5—45.0	21	3.0	0.3
15.	Tripura	40.0—43.0	21	3.0	0.3
16.	Uttar Pradesh	40.0—43.0	28	3.0	0.3
17.	West Bengal—				
	(a) areas other than Bishnupur sub-Division	40.0—43.0	28	3.0	0.3
	(b) Bishnupur sub-Division	41.5—45.0	21	3.0	0.3

Explanation.—by cotton tract is meant the areas in the States of Bombay and Madhya Pradesh where cotton seed is extensively fed to the cattle."

3. In Appendix 'A'—after form VI-A, the following form shall be inserted, namely:—

"FORM VI-B
(See rule 44-A)

DECLARATION

I/We/on behalf of
solemnly declare that the ghee sold by me/us/on behalf of
used by me/us/on behalf of
..... in the preparation of
confectionery (including sweetmeats)
is/was from a tin containing ghee of origin and having
"AGMARK" seal. The said tin pertains to batch number
and was purchased by me/us/on behalf of
from Shri/Shrimati/Kumari/Messrs
on the as per invoice/cash/credit memo. No.
dated

Signature of trader/traders.

Date

Place

[No. F. 14-14(B)/58-PH.]

G.S.R. 1211.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954 (37 of 1954), the Central Government, after consultation with the Central Committee for Food Standards, hereby makes the following further amendments in the Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section, namely:—

In the said rules—

1. For rule 18, the following rule shall be substituted:—

"18. *Memorandum and impression of seal to be sent separately.*—A copy of the memorandum and a specimen impression of the seal used to seal the packet shall be sent to the public analyst separately by registered post or delivered to him or to any person authorised by him".

2. In the table under rule 22—

(i) for the figures and symbol "12 oz." against item No. 15 relating to "Aerated water", the figures and symbol "20 oz." shall be substituted.

(ii) after item 16 relating to "Vanaspati" the following items shall be inserted, namely:—

"17. Spices	4 oz.
18. Fruit and vegetable products, Jams, Jellies and the like	8 oz.
19. Pulses, cereals and the like	8 oz.
20. Asafoetida	2 oz.
21. Saffron	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
22. Ice-cream and mixed ice-cream	8 oz.
23. Foods (not specified)	8 oz."

3. In rule 29—

after item (k), the following items shall be added, namely:—

"(l) Processed or preserved vegetables.

(m) Flavouring agents."

4. In rule 32—

for clause (c), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(c) where any permitted class II preservative and/or permitted colouring agent and/or permitted antioxidant and/or vitamin is added, a statement to the effect that it contains permitted class II preservatives and/or permitted colouring agents and/or permitted antioxidants and/or vitamins."

5. In sub-rule (2) of rule 40, for the word "beverage" the words "fruit syrup" shall be substituted.

6. In rule 42(B)(i)—

In the forms of declarations (c), (d) and (g) for the words "UNFIT FOR BABIES" the words "UNSUITABLE FOR BABIES" shall be substituted.

7. In rule 43—

(i) to sub-rule (1), the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that for the purpose of this rule the following shall not be deemed as an admixture or an addition, namely:—

(a) Salt in butter or margarine, and

(b) Vitamins in foods.

(ii) in the form of declaration under sub-rule (2), the words "international units of" and "per ounce" shall be omitted.

(iii) in sub-rule (5), for the words "aerated water and vegetables", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"aerated water, vegetables and flavouring agents".

8. To clause (i) of rule 44, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, exempt any preparations made of soluble extracts of coffee from the operation of this rule".

9. For the proviso to sub-rule (5) of rule 49, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that utensils or containers made of copper though not properly tinned may be used for the preparation of sugar, confectionery or essential oils and mere use of such utensils or containers shall not be deemed to render sugar, confectionery or essential oils unfit for human consumption."

10. In Rule 50—

(i) in clause (a) of sub-rule (1), after the words "separated milk" the words "or toned milk or reconstituted milk" shall be inserted.

(ii) sub-rule (8) shall be omitted.

11. After Part X, the following shall be added, namely:—

"PART XI—POISONOUS METALS

57. *Poisonous Metals*.—(1) Chemicals described in monographs of the Indian Pharmacopoeia when used in foods, shall not contain poisonous metals beyond the limits specified in the appropriate monographs of the Indian Pharmacopoeia for the time being in force.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-rule (1), no article of food specified in column 2 of the table below shall contain any metal specified in excess of the quantity specified in column 3 of the said table.

TABLE

<i>Names of the poisonous metal</i>	<i>Article of food</i>	<i>Parts per million by weight</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
I. Lead	(i) Beverages :	
	Concentrated soft drinks (but not including concentrates used in the manufacture of soft drinks)	0.5
	Fruit and vegetable juice (including tomato juice, but not including lime juice and lemon juice)	1.0
	Concentrates used in the manufacture of soft drinks lime juice and lemon juice	2.0

<i>Names of the poisonous metal</i>	<i>Article of food</i>	<i>Parts per million by weight</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)

(ii) Other foods :

Anhydrous dextrose and dextrose monohydrate, Edible oils and fats, refined white sugar (sulphated ash content not exceeding 0.03 per cent)	0.5
Ice-cream, iced lollies and similar frozen confections	1.0
Canned fish,	
Canned meats	
Edible gelatin	
Meat extracts and hydrolysed protein	
Dried or dehydrated vegetables (other than onions)	
All types of sugar, sugar syrup invert sugar and direct consumption coloured sugars with sul- phated ash content exceeding 1.0 per cent	5
Raw sugars except those sold for direct consump- tion or used for manufacturing purposes other than the manufacture of refined sugar, Edible molasses, Caramel	
Liquid and solid glucose and Starch conversion products with a sulphated ash content exceeding 1.0 per cent	
Cocoa powder	5 on the dry fat free substance.
Yeast and yeast products	5 on the dry matter.
Tea.	
Dehydrated onions,	
Dried herbs and spices,	
Flavourings,	
Alginate acid, alginates, agar, carrageen and similar product derived from seaweed	10 on the dry matter
Liquid pectin,	
Chemicals not otherwise used as ingredients or in the preparation or processing of foods	10
Food colouring other than caramel	20 on the dry colour- ing matter.
Solid pectin	50
(iii) Foods not specified	2.5

2. Copper (i) Beverages :

Soft drinks excluding concentrates	7
Concentrates for soft drinks	20

(ii) Other foods :

Chicory-dried or roasted.	
Coffee beans,	
Flavourings,	
Pectin-liquid	30
Colouring	30 on the dry colour- ing matter.
Edible gelatin	30
Tomato ketchup	50 on the dried total solids.
Yeast and yeast products	60 on the dry matter.
Cocoa powder	70 on the fat-free substance.
Tomato puree, paste, powder juice and cocktails	100 on the dried tomato solids.

Name of the poisonous metal		Article of food	Parts per milli weight	
(1)		(2)	(3)	
		Tea	150	
		Pectin-solid	300	
	(iii)	Foods not specified	30	
			Arsenic (AS)	
3. Arsenic	(i)	Milk	0.1	Nil
	(ii)	Beverages :		
		Soft drinks intended for consumption after dilution	0.5	0.66
	(iii)	Other foods :		
		Ice cream, iced lollies and similar frozen confections	0.5	0.66
		Dehydrated onions, Edible gelatin, Liquid pectin	2.0	2.6
		Chicory-dried or roasted		
		Dried herbs, Finnings and clearing agents, Solid pectin-all grades, Spices	5.0	6.6
		Food colouring other than Synthetic colouring		
			5.0 on dry colouring matter.	6.6 on dry colouring matter.
	(iv)	Foods not specified		1.5
			Parts per million by weight	
4. Tin	(i)	Processed and canned products	250	
	(ii)	Foods not specified	250	
5. Zinc	(i)	Ready to drink beverages	5	
	(ii)	Edible gelatin	100	
	(iii)	Foods not specified	50	

PART XII—ANTIOXIDANTS AND EMULSIFYING AND STABILISING AGENTS

58. *Definition of anti-oxidant.*—'Antioxidant' means a substance which when added to food retards or prevents oxidative deterioration of food and does not include sugar, cereal oils, flours, herbs and spices.

59. *Restriction on use of anti-oxidants.*—No anti-oxidant, other than lecithin, ascorbic acid and tocopherol shall be added to any food:

Provided that the following antioxidants may be added to edible oils and fats, namely:

1. Ethyl gallate
2. Propyl gallate
3. Octyl gallate
4. Dodecyl gallate
5. Butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT)
6. Butylated hydroxyanisole (BHA)
7. Nordihydroguaiaretic acid (NDGA)
8. Citric acid
9. Tartaric acid
10. Gallic acid and
11. Resin guaiac.

60. *Definition of emulsifying and stabilising agents.*—'Emulsifying agents' and 'stabilising agents' mean substances which when added to food are capable of facilitating a uniform dispersion of oils and fats in aqueous media, or *vice versa*, and of stabilising such emulsions and do not include the following, namely:—

Agar, alginic acid, calcium and sodium alginates, carrageen, edible gums, dextrin, sorbitol, pectin, sodium and calcium pectate, sodium citrate, sodium phosphates, sodium tartrate, calcium lactate, lecithin, albumen, gelatin, quillaia, modified starches and hydrolysed protein.

61. *Restriction on use of emulsifying and stabilising agents.*—No emulsifying or stabilising agents shall be used in food:

Provided that except in milk and cream the following emulsifying or stabilising agents may be used in foods, namely:—

Monoglycerides or diglycerides of fatty acids.

Synthetic lecithin.

Propyleneglycol stearate,

Propyleneglycol alginate,

Methyl ethyl cellulose,

Methyl cellulose,

Sodium Carboxymethyl cellulose.

Stearyl tartaric acid esters of monoglycerides and diglycerides of fatty acids,

Monostearin sodium sulphoacetate;

Sorbitan esters of fatty acids or in combination, and

Brominated vegetable oils.

62. *Container of food to which any emulsifying and stabilising agent is added, to bear certain statements.*—Container of an article of food to which any emulsifying and stabilising agents have been added shall bear a statement of the chemical nature of such emulsifying and stabilising agents in addition to any trade name.

PART XIII—FLAVOURING AGENTS

63. *Use of Coumarin and Dihydro Coumarin prohibited.*—The use of coumarin and Dihydro coumarin in any article of food is prohibited.

72. In Appendix 'A'—

(i) in Forms IV and V the following shall be inserted in the beginning of each Form, namely:—

"To

(Name and address of the vendor)

.....

.....

....."

73. In Appendix 'B'—

(i) after the item A.04, the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

"A.05. Spices: The standard, specified for the various spices given in this clause shall apply to spices in whatever form whether whole or partly ground or in powder form."

(ii) in item A.05.01 sub-para (a) shall be omitted.

(iii) in item A.11.06—

(a) in each of the paras (a) and (b) after the words "not found in milk" the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"except sucrose and/or gur".

(b) in para (b), after the words "from which it is derived" the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"Where dahi or curd, other than skimmed milk dahi is sold or offered for sale without any indication as to whether it is derived from cow or buffalo milk, the standards prescribed for dahi prepared from buffalo milk shall apply."

(iv) In item A.14.—

the following para. shall be added, namely:—

“It shall not contain any added colouring matter.”

(v) In item A.17.01.—

for the word and figures “250 to 260” against (b) the words and figures “Not less than 250” shall be substituted.

(vi) In item A.17.06.—

after clause (e), the following clause shall be added, namely:—

“(f) Bellier (Turbidity test) by Ever’s method (Acetic acid)—Not more than 28.5°C.

(vii) In item A.19.—

(a) the words “Vegetable Oil Product or” occurring in the first line shall be omitted.

(b) In sub-clause (x) for the words “Vegetable Oil Product” the word “Vanaspati” shall be substituted.

(c) the following proviso shall be added to clause (iii), namely:—

“Provided that diacetyl to the extent of not more than 4.0 p.p.m. may be added to Vanaspati exclusively meant for consumption by the Armed Forces.”

(d) in clause (v) for the figure and symbol “33°C” the figure and symbol “31°C” shall be substituted.

(viii) for items A.03.02, A.11.04, and A.11.13 the following shall be respectively, substituted:—

“A.03.02. Sago shall mean small hard globules or pearls made from either the starch of the sago palm or the tubers of tapioca (*manihot utifissima*) and shall be free from any extraneous matter.”

“A.11.04. Toned milk means the product prepared by blending milk with fresh separated milk or with separated milk reconstituted from spray dried skim milk powder or by partial abstraction of fat through skimming or separation of milk.

It shall contain not less than 3.0 per cent of milk fat and 8.5 per cent of milk solids other than milk fat.”

“A.11.13. Khoa means the product derived from milk of cow or buffalo by partial dessication of water therefrom by the process of heating and it shall not contain any ingredient not found in milk. The fat content shall not be less than 20 per cent.

(ix) the following items shall be added, namely:—

A.05.16. Black Cumin or Kala-zecra shall be the dried seeds of *Nigella Sativa* Linn, and shall contain:—

(a) Not more than 5 per cent of foreign organic matter.

(b) Not more than 7.0 per cent of total ash.

(c) Not more than 1.25 per cent of ash insoluble in hydrochloric acid.

(d) Not less than 0.5 per cent of volatile oil.

A.11.09.01. Skimmed milk Channa means the product obtained by precipitating the curd from boiling skimmed milk of cow or buffalo or a mixture or both by the addition of lactic or citric acids or any other suitable coagulating agent.

A.11.10.03. Recombined or reconstituted milk means the product prepared by mixing homogenised milk fat and separated milk reconstituted from spray-dried and skimmed milk powder.

It shall contain not less than 3.0 per cent of milk fat and 8.5 per cent of milk solids other than milk fat.

A.18.04. Besan means the product obtained by grinding dehusked Bengal gram (*Cicer arietinum*) and shall not contain any added colouring matter or any other foreign ingredient.

A.10.05. Pearl Barley is the product obtained by polishing and attrition of whole barley grains, after removal of the husk. It shall be free from talc, foreign starches and other extraneous matter.

[No. F.14-14(A)/58-PH.]

KRISHNA BIHARI, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY

New Delhi, the 10th December 1958

G.S.R. 1212.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952 (30 of 1952), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Rules, 1953, namely:—

In sub-rule (5) of rule 10 of the said rules, for the words beginning with 'shall also forward' and ending with 'records of the proceedings' the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Shall also forward the award in original together with the records of the proceedings.

- (a) to the proper court if an appeal is preferred against the award within the period of limitation prescribed for preferring such appeal;
- (b) to the competent authority if no such appeal is preferred within the said period".

[No. EE12(33)/58.]

J. S. MONGIA, Dy. Secy.

| ——— |

(Central Boilers Board)

New Delhi, the 13th December 1958

G.S.R. 1213.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, which the Central Boilers Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (5 of 1923), is published as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th February, 1959.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply, North Block, New Delhi.

Draft Amendment

In the said regulations,—

(1) In regulation 416,—

- (i) after the words and figures "Class I boilers shall comply with the requirements of Chapter V", the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"For end plate connection by welding, the type of seam shown in figure 44 may be adopted."

- (ii) the following shall be added as a heading to drawings shown at figures 47 and 48, namely:—

"Forms of welded joints for circumferential seams acceptable for seamless shell boilers and for Class II welded boilers."

¶(2) In regulation 435, the following shall be added at the end, namely:—

"When end plates are mechanically secured and welded to seamless shells as shown in figures 47 and 48 and the welds are stress relieved, the pressure and other limitations specified in respect of Class II boilers in Regulations 416 shall not apply."

[No. S&PII/BL-9(8)/58.]

M. N. KALE, Secy.

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

(Office of the Chief Settlement Commissioner)

New Delhi, the 13th December 1958

G.S.R. 1214/B-Amndt.XXVIII.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 40 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments to the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Rules, 1955, namely:—

In the said rules—

(1) in rule 84 after sub-rule (1), the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“(1A) No application under this rule shall be entertained unless such application is made—

(a) in any case where the application for compensation has been made on or before the 31st December, 1958 not later than the 30th April, 1959; .

(b) in any other case, within 120 days from the date of the application for compensation”;

(2) in rule 86 after sub-rule (1), the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“(1A) No claim as successor-in-interest of any deceased claimant shall be entertained, unless an application for such claim is made on or before the 30th April, 1959, or within 120 days of the death of the deceased claimant whichever is later.”

[No. F.7/17/57-SI/Policy-I.]

L. J. JOHNSON, Jt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 12th December 1958

G.S.R. 1215.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 38 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby makes a further amendment in the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1957, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section, namely:—

Amendment

In rule-10B of the said rules, after sub-rule (5) the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“(6) The Labour Court or Tribunal, as the case may be, shall, as the examination of each witness proceeds, make a memorandum of the substance of what he deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the presiding officer;

Provided that the Labour Court or Tribunal, as the case may be, may follow the procedure laid down in rule 5 of Order XVIII of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, if it considers necessary so to do, in view of the nature of the particular industrial dispute pending before it.

The National Tribunal shall, in all cases, follow the procedure laid down in rule 5 of the said Order XVIII.”

[No. LR-I-1(2)/58-IDR-Am.III.]

PYARE LAL GUPTA, Under Secy.

